# The horntail snail (Macrochlamys indica Benson)

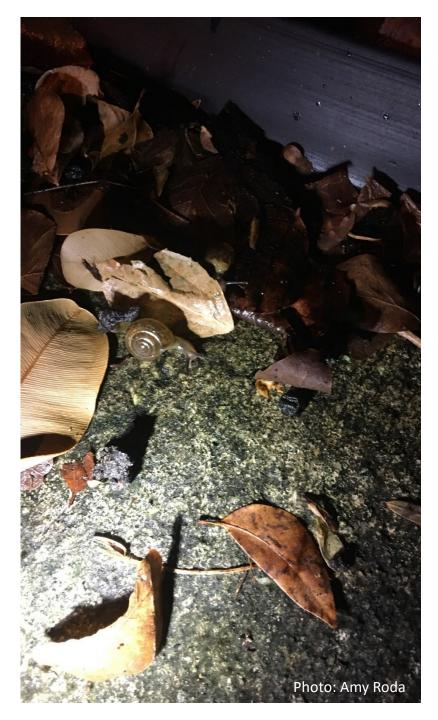


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India, Nepal, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Europe and Brazil















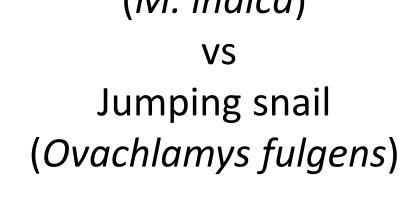


Horntail snail
(M. indica)
vs
Cuban Brown Land snail
(Zachrysia provisoria)





Horntail snail (M. indica) VS Jumping snail (Ovachlamys fulgens)



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## Host range

- Seedlings, fallen, decomposed leaves
- Vegetables:
   Beans, lettuce, cabbage, cauliflower, cucurbits
- Fruit crops:Papaya, banana, guava
- Ornamentals: Marigold, chrysanthemum, hibiscus, roses





#### **Environmental Conditions**

• Optimum temperature:

Optimum relative humidity:

85-100%



#### **Aestivation**

 A type of dormancy occurring due to low humidity in the environment

Common in temperate and tropical zones

• Aestivation period: 2-8 months depending on geographical latitude

• During aestivation: hide, inactive and lose weight



## Biology

# When aestivation is 8 months and snails are active 4 months:

- Life span: 4 years
- Young snails require 130 days (4.3 months) to reach sexual maturity
- Copulation usually takes place after a rain event
- Gestation period 10-17 days
- Eggs are laid in clutches under loose soil
- Egg hatch within 8-12 days

Snail age	Shell diameter (mm)
1 <sup>st</sup> year	10 - 11 (0.39-0.43 in.)
2 <sup>nd</sup> year	10-14 (0.39-0.55 in.)
3 <sup>rd</sup> year	14-18 (0.55-0.71 in.)
4 <sup>th</sup> year	18-21 (0.71-0.83 in.)

## Biology

Under laboratory conditions at T= 69.8-89.6 F (21-32 °C) and 90% RH

No aestivation

• Life span: 15-19 months



Up to 5 egg clutches/year 16 eggs/clutch



Egg hatch within 15-17 days Egg hatchability 95-98%

Immature snail





Gestation period: 10-17 days





Young snails require 9-12 months to reach sexual maturity



#### Behavior

- Active at night
- Slow moving
- Scavengers
- Mating: after rain
- After oviposition, adults remain in the nest for approx. 11min
- During aestivation: hide, inactive and lose weight





#### Association with nematodes

No clear information

- Many snails and slugs are hosts for nematodes (worms)
- Association with nonparasitic *Rhabditis* sp. nematodes in West Bengal, India
- Macrochlamys resplendens and the Giant African Snail (Achatina fulica), are known hosts of Angiostrongylus nematodes that can cause Eosinophilic Meningitis in humans



# Control/Management

No information is available in the literature





Photo FDACS

### Thank You!

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